

# Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. VIII.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, FEB. 5TH, 1887.

No. 14.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 3, 1887.

Ross, of Moosejaw, has taken the field against Davin. North Dufferin election petition re seat in Manitoba legislature has been dismissed. Dickie, of Carlyle, is opposing Perley in reform interest in Eastern Assiniboia. Sir Donald Smith has commenced a canvass in Montreal West in the conservative interest.

Tupper has commenced an active canvass in the Manitoba county. He is supported by ex-Minister Phipps.

Adrian army occupying the Sudan coast has been almost annihilated in a conflict with Abyssinians.

Van Helle, of the Manitoba southwestern division has been appointed superintendent of the Medicine Hat division of the C. P. R. He lately addressed a large public meeting in Montreal. His speech caused some sensation because of a slighting allusion to the Hudson Bay railway.

Tupper having become minister of finance, McLellan is now postmaster general and Campbell has retired. The latter, it is generally believed, will become lieutenant-governor of Ontario.

An article in the Berlin Post, generally regarded as a semi-official organ, is raising the cry of alarm over war preparations in France, and has created a stir in the European stock market. The article has been very generally condemned.

The Quebec government having been defeated, Mercier has resumed office and formed a ministry in which the nationalists will have a majority. An adjournment has been made until March 10th. The elections of ministers will take place on the 10th.

For several days a storm has prevailed between Broadview and the mountains, and communication has been almost suspended. A regular coal famine exists. A Calgary dispatch says: "There is a complete blockade of the railway both east and west. The train which left here going east on Sunday night reported stuck thirty miles east of this point. Engines went down from here with supplies of coal and provisions for delayed passengers. Can get no intelligence of condition of track in the mountains, but probably it is seriously blocked by snow. The weather is intensely cold and to make matters worse a coal famine prevails here. Efforts are being made to get a supply from the west east and west, but freights cannot move on account of snow blockade."

BATTLEFORD, Feb. 4, 1887.

Trade dull. Mail was delayed two days by storm last week. One of the mail horses had his hind quarters frozen going to Swift Current during the storm of last week.

The liberals have organized on the basis of supporting Mr. Laird on personal more than political grounds.

D. H. McDowell will visit Battleford next week. He is gaining strength here every day and it looks as if he will have a majority at every polling place.

VICTORIA, Feb. 4, 1887.

The weather continues very cold with strong wind. Small lots of fur are coming in, principally musk and lynx.

A Hamein, of Lac la Biche, passed on Sunday with three loads of fur for Edmonton.

Twenty-seven sleighs loaded with provisions left here for Whitefish lake reserve on Wednesday last.

Pruden, of Lac la Biche, was in during the week and has made arrangements to go for Mr. Tupper.

On Tuesday of last week an Indian came to the stopping place at the Lone Pine, on the Calgary trail, with a note setting forth that the writer, one Frank Modiste, had left Calgary some time before on his way to Edmonton had lost his way, and had brought an Indian camp on the Little Red Deer, about fifteen miles west of the Lone Pine. He had been so badly frozen that he was unable to travel and requested assistance. A letter was brought on to Red Deer by Mr. McPherson, and Insp. Chalmers sent assistance to the unfortunate man. The Indian who brought the letter to the Lone Pine said that the man had reached their camp five days before. He was on foot, his clothing was torn, his bedding was one thin blanket, and his provisions and camping outfit consisted of about half a pound of tea and aatchet. His hands and feet were badly frozen.

## LOCAL.

STAGE left on Friday at 9 a.m.

H. S. YOUNG arrived from Lac la Biche last week.

A. HAMELIN arrived from Lac la Biche on Thursday.

ANTOINE DUCHARME, trader, Lac la Biche, left to day for home.

POLICE sgt-major Baker, of MacLeod, has been made an inspector.

THE delay of the last stage will not affect the one due here next Monday.

ANNUAL meeting of the agricultural association on Saturday, February 12th.

J. G. FITZGERALD and Geo. Hamilton left for Calgary on Wednesday morning.

W. HOWIE has been appointed assessor of the Edmonton school district at a salary of \$50.

MESSRS. Hardisty, Wood, MacLeod and McCauley arrived from Battle river on Monday evening.

W. L. WOOD left by stage for the south on Friday. He will visit Lethbridge, MacLeod and other points in the south.

THE election writs are returnable on April 7th, and parliament is called for the transaction of business on the same day.

THE Saskatchewan school, No. 2, has been closed for the balance of the winter term owing to the small attendance of children.

REV. J. B. SILCOX's congregational church in Winnipeg has reorganized under the name of Emmanuel Church with Mr. Silcox as pastor.

BEEF steak, 15c a pound, and boiling pieces 10c., eastern butter, 40c., home made, 50c. Still very little demand for wheat at any price.

REPORTED that the North-West claims commission has concluded its labors and that a great saving has been made in the readjustment of claims.

W. MCKAY left yesterday for Saddle lake and Pitt to superintend the work of the contractors who are getting out the poles for the telegraph line from Saddle lake to Pitt.

REPORTED that 65 deaths, from measles, have occurred among a band of Indians of twenty-five lodges living at the Marshy lakes, one hundred miles north of Lac la Biche.

THE Manitoba Free Press and Calgary Tribune credit Edmonton with having erected \$13,000 worth of buildings last year. The figures for last year are \$31,000, and for the year before \$13,000.

THERE will be a conversazione in the Presbyterian church on Thursday evening next. Oysters and other refreshments will be served from 6:30 till 8 o'clock. Music, readings, etc., to follow. Tickets 50 cts.

THE North-West administration of justice act has been proclaimed and will come into force on the 16th inst. The office of stipendiary magistrate will then cease to exist and the stipendiaries become or be replaced by judges.

MR. HARDISTY'S nomination papers were being circulated in town on Thursday, and received the signatures of most of the leading men of the place. As far as this part of the country is concerned Mr. Hardisty's prospects are excellent.

IT is probable that in the forthcoming election there will be polling places at Edmonton, St. Albert, Fort Saskatchewan, Lac Ste. Anne, Victoria, Whitefish lake, Lac la Biche, Battle river settlement Battle river leaving, Belmont and Clover Bar.

THOS. ANDERSON, crown timber agent, has received word from Winnipeg that Mrs. Anderson is suffering from injuries received by being thrown off the sidewalk by boys playing with a dog train, while at her son's residence. She is recovering.

THERE was some excitement in town on Saturday last, when it was known that John Looby and Miss Sarah Wilson, who had left for the home of the latter, at Sturgeon river, on Thursday afternoon, had not reached there by Friday, at noon. Messrs. D. B. Wilson, father of the young woman, E. Looby, Jas. A. Petrie and Jas. McMunn, started early on Saturday morning to find them. Mr. Looby was found at D. McKinley's house, and Miss Wilson at Geo. Sutherland's close by. After leaving the woods on the Sturgeon road, after dark and the wind in their faces, the horse would not keep the road, Mr. Looby was compelled to get out and lead it by the bridle. By the time he reached McKinley's one of his hands was severely frozen, and he concluded to remain until the weather moderated.

MR. GEORGE T. ST. CYR will open a private school at Fort Saskatchewan on Monday, the 14th or February, in his own residence.

J. G. FITZGERALD, Dr. Tulloch, Ad. McPherson and Geo. Hamilton arrived from Calgary on Saturday evening. They had left the previous Monday and had been delayed by stormy weather.

THE Calgary Herald states that the secretary of the conservative association telegraphed to ask the participation of the Edmonton conservatives in the convention of the 27th January. There can be no conservatives in Edmonton for no public notice was taken of the telegram, and no delegates, so far as people here are aware, were sent.

THE proclamation announcing the date of the nomination of candidates for the representation of Alberta in the commons, was posted up in Edmonton on Monday by the returning officer, J. G. Fitzgerald. It announces that the writs of election are dated on Jan. 17th and that the nomination is to be held at the court house, Calgary, on Tuesday, Feb. 15th, from noon until two o'clock in the afternoon.

IT is announced that the C. P. R. have let the contract of building the Sault Ste. Marie branch of their road to Dan. Dunn and Henry Carey, the work to be completed during the coming summer. It is also stated that the Grand Trunk will build a branch from some point on the Midland railway in Ontario, along the east and north shores of Georgian Bay to the same point, from whence both roads will connect direct with Duluth and St. Paul.

STAGE arrived on Wednesday forenoon Geo. Elliott, driver. Mrs. P. G. Grey and son and W. B. Cameron, assistant land agent, passengers. Roads were badly drifted and the weather fearfully cold and stormy, but all came through without mishap. Although the bad weather which commenced on the afternoon of the first day after leaving Calgary continued until the arrival of the stage here was the worst that has occurred for many years, with a head wind all the time the mail was only a day and a half late.

THE stormy weather which commenced here on Thursday afternoon of last week was undoubtedly the worst that has been seen for years. There has been higher wind and lower thermometer, a longer spell of bad weather and deeper snow, but for a combination of all four features it has seldom, if ever been excelled. The morning of Thursday, the day on which the storm commenced, was exceptionally fine and mild and continued so until about two o'clock. Suddenly about that hour a high wind came from the north blowing the snow in clouds, the thermometer at the same time sinking rapidly. That night it sunk to 34 below. The wind continued and was not of the nature of hurricane blowing steadily from one point but blew in gusts, from a generally northerly direction. A little snow fell, and drifts were packed very hard so as to make travelling difficult. The biting cold and wind kept up without the slightest break until Wednesday afternoon last, making six consecutive days of storm. Wednesday night was calm but the thermometer was as low as ever. Thursday showed a change of wind around towards the south, and although still cold, it was not strong enough to drift the snow. The sun shone brightly all day. Thursday night was calm and not quite so cold, and Friday was, although still cold, bright and not unpleasant. No serious damage was suffered in this district, although travel was going on all the time, thanks to the sheltered nature of the country, but there are a good many frost bitten faces. During such weather the farmer who has his cattle in sheltered buildings with plenty of hay at command is likely to rest better at night than the ranchman whose herd representing his whole capital is huddled under the lee of a big hill for a week at a stretch.

AT a liberal meeting held in Montreal, on Jan. 19th, Mr. Mercier announced that at 3 o'clock on Jan. 27th the Ross government would be defeated. He said, "You can rest assured that the national government which will be formed will represent all nationalities, interests and public honesty in this province." He declared that the 36 members of the opposition would throw themselves with full force into the federal contest against Sir John.

LORD COLIN CAMPBELL has abandoned his intention of moving for a new trial in his divorce suit against his wife. A report of the late trial in a United States paper was recently seized by the Canadian customs as obscene literature.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### WANTED

2,000 Bushels Oats.  
2,000 " Barley.  
JOHN A. MCDUGALL.

PRIVATE SCHOOL OF FORT SASKATCHEWAN will open on Monday the 14th of February. English and English taught. Children of any Denomination welcome. For Circulars and Particulars apply to the undersigned.

GEO. T. CYR, School Teacher.

NOTICE.—EDMONTON MILLS. Parties concerned are hereby notified that from this date all grists brought to these mills must be taken away within three days after being ground, or storage will be charged.

Parties having ground grists now in the mill will please remove them without delay. Gristing will close for the season on April 14th. D. R. FRASER.

KELLY HOUSE.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests. L. KELLY, Proprietor.

### LADIES' WARM UNDERCLOTHING.

JUST ARRIVED

LADIES' CASHMERE AND SHETLAND WOOL,

VESTS AND DRAWERS.

The above are of the finest quality and are being sold at remarkably low prices.

ALSO

Fur Caps and Shapes for Ladies' Hats and bonnets.

TERMS CASH,

Positively no exceptions.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER,  
Direct Importer of English Goods,  
Edmonton.

### TEACHER WANTED.

Male or Female for the Sturgeon Protestant Public School District, No. 24, for the summer term only to commence on the first day of April next.

Applications accompanied by certificates stating salary, etc., will be received up to the 3rd day of March next.

Address,

GEORGE SUTHERLAND,  
Secretary Board of Trustees,  
Edmonton P. O., Alberta.

FARMERS & OTHERS in want of Agricultural Implements will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, who has a stock of Plows, Harrows, Mowers, Rakes and seeders on hand. Orders taken for the Best Light All-Steel Binder in the world. Twine, etc. To arrive, a car load of Farm Wagons and Buck-boards.

Town lots for sale in Edmonton and Ft. Saskatchewan well situated for business and private residence. Enquire of the undersigned.

W. S. ROBERTSON,  
Real Estate and Manufacturers' Agent.

### LOST.

A Cow and year old calf. Cow nearly white; calf roan; still sucking the cow. Have been at my place all fall. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take away.

R. KELLY.

STRAYED in some mysterious manner from a cutter standing in front of Heimick's hotel on the night of Dec. 30th, '86, a Buffalo Robe lined with a grey blanket. Finder will please return to P. Heimick, Saskatchewan City. J. C. C. BREMER.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, South side of Main street. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. X. ST. JEAN, proprietor.



**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN** is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, FEB. 5, 1887.

#### PARTY ORGANIZATION.

If the success of the present ministry in the election depends on the strength and organization of the conservative party, and the conservative party is no stronger or better organized elsewhere than in Alberta, north or south, the ministers might as well prepare to flit right now and save worry and expense. For years this election has been expected and talked of, and for years every effort has been made by the prominent conservatives of the district to create and keep alive a feeling for the old chieftain and his old party; to stuff down the necks of the public the necessity—the pressing, the absolute necessity—of supporting both. Whether these efforts were or were not purely disinterested is not to the point, whether they were put forth in view of the possibility of the reversion of sundry offices to the party workers or not, is not of public concern. This was the course taken by the self-asserted mouthpieces of the party throughout Alberta up to the definite announcement of the present contest. The argument used was that as the present government was the government it was necessary for the people to enroll themselves among its supporters and endorse blindly all its acts or they could not expect their just demands to be acceded to. That such a reason as, that because a government was unjust therefore it should be supported, was put forward shows they were no half-hearted partisans who used it. They were the true blues, without doubt. Although this lesson was preached for years by energetic and able apostles—by newspapers, by government officials, by those who hoped to become government officials and those who expected government favors—the turn that affairs have taken during the past three weeks—when the time arrived to put the success of this teaching to the test—shows either that those who held these opinions have changed them or that they are in such a hopeless minority that they dare not assert them, at least in this part of the district. For weeks the straight party Calgary Herald, Lethbridge News and Macleod Gazette have been calling upon the faithful to gird on the armor and do battle for the old cause. As far as has been learned up to date the response in the immediate constituencies of these papers has been cold not to say frigid, while here in the north there has been a genuine bolt. Those who have always been the most pronounced conservatives in the district; including almost every important official of the federal government—have taken a most active part in bringing out a strictly independent candidate, who certainly has no prejudices in favor of the conservative party, on a platform that would afford excellent standing ground and plenty of room for the most rabid grail, with the avowed object of running him against and beating the straight conservative nominee, whoever he may be. It is confidently asserted that Mr. Hardisty is receiving similar support in all parts of the district, so that it is not a mere local preference but a party disorganization. It may be said that this course is taken from ulterior motives. This matters not; whether taken from choice or necessity, from motives apparent or concealed, the effect is the same. If a straight party candidate is put in the field Mr. Hardisty and his friends are bound to oppose him, and if they succeed in defeating him it must be accepted as a defeat by the government. Again, should Mr. Hardisty be unopposed, or another independent be brought out against him, it will be still stronger proof of the weakness of the government's case in this district. It cannot be believed that if a straight government candidate had any reasonable prospect of success such pronounced conservatives as are now supporting Mr. Hardisty would not be found supporting him. The people of Alberta are to be congratulated in so far as they have by their action in this contest emancipated

themselves from party control, and also shown that only most responsible residents of the district need aspire to represent it. The party disorganization may be deplored by party leaders and the perhaps excessive local feeling shown may be regretted, but anything is better than that men not interested in such an important district should have charge of the advancement of its interests, or that that advancement should be made subject to political exigencies.

From the papers arriving by last mail and later telegrams it appears that there is already a quarrel as to who shall step into the present premier's shoes, when he shall vacate them as he is expected to do immediately after the present contest is over. The first favorite of course was Tupper—the polite, the truthful, the pure, the high souled Tupper—who was promptly telegraphed for to whip the Nova Scotians into line as the price of the premiership. But at once there was a sound of war in the camp. The sterling patriot Chapleau—of great ability, but unsavory fame, Chapleau who so nobly, so boldly, so disinterestedly, refused the leadership of the Riel party, and fought that party in every field—was hard to gently toot his horn. Quebec was a larger province than Nova Scotia, Quebec needed more careful guidance in the present contest than any other province. While Chapleau had been risking his political life in Quebec, Tupper had been toasting his shins in his \$40,000 residence in London, his province meanwhile being desolated by the secession wolf. Should the habitant give place to the blue nose? Never! Had there been a "man from Ontario," in the party, with the necessary ability and prestige all must have yielded the coveted position to him, but thanks to Sir John's policy of tolerating no possible rivals there are none such. While Tupper was still on the ocean Chapleau's resignation was placed in Sir John's hands. Something had to be done and done quickly. Something was done, and Chapleau withdrew his resignation and went to work in Quebec. Chapleau is no onchorse politician. It is all or nothing with him. His resignation would have infallibly wrecked the government. His remaining might have saved it, though Tupper and Nova Scotia were both in Jericho. If it is saved it will be Chapleau who did the trick. Therefore if the ministerial party is successful in the coming contest, Chapleau is the coming premier. Perhaps this prospect was what caused the ultra English and Protestant editor of the Mail to draw the line between himself and former friends. In the matter of morality and religion, however, if all tales are true, both Tupper and Chapleau would make a better showing as Chinamen or Mahometans than as members of any known branch of the Caucasian race or Christian church.

THE BULLETIN begs to apologize to its readers for not being able to give them yet the result of the important political convention lately held at Calgary, and to assure them that it has not been for lack of reasonable efforts to secure the intelligence. Last night the wires were reported down between Medicine Hat and Calgary for the past three days without any immediate prospect of being got up. Rumors have been in circulation during the week that the names of Messrs. Davis, Hardisty and Strange were submitted to the convention, that Davis received the larger number of votes, with Hardisty next and Strange last; that the nomination was not made unanimous for Davis and that the convention broke up without arriving at any definite result. His honor the lieutenant-governor has been visiting Calgary and Lethbridge pretty regularly for the last month or two and was again in Calgary when the last stage left. It was rumored a little while ago that he was likely to become a candidate in Assinibola, but as the ground in that district is already occupied by strong local men in the conservative interest, there does not appear to be room for him there. Have his frequent visits to southern Alberta been with a view to feeling his way to the seat for this district? If so the rumored result of the convention at Calgary will enable him to throw himself into the breach as the party candidate, when the party men throughout the district will be whipped into line for him.

**TO RICHARD HARDISTY, ESQUIRE,**  
EDMONTON,  
ALBERTA.

DEAR SIR,—

In consequence of last session's legislation of the Dominion parliament, the provisional district of Alberta was constituted an electoral district for the purpose of returning a member to represent it in the House of Commons of Canada.

Already candidates are in the field for the district of Saskatchewan and for both ridings of Assinibola, and the indications are that the present House will shortly, if not at once, be dissolved and a general election immediately follow.

In view of the foregoing and recognizing your special fitness in every respect, we, the undersigned electors of said Alberta territory, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as a candidate to represent said Alberta territory in the House of Commons, and, in the event of your accepting such nomination, we pledge ourselves to use every legitimate endeavor to secure your election and return.

Dated this third day of November, A. D., 1886.

We are, dear sir,  
yours truly,

**TO THE ELECTORS OF ALBERTA,**

GENTLEMEN,—

Having been requested, by a very large number of you resident in all parts of this territory, in the south as well as the north, to become a candidate for Alberta in the next parliament of Canada, I beg sincerely to thank you for the honor you have thus done me, and at the same time to signify my acceptance of the nomination so tendered me.

From considerations of personal comfort I have been reluctant to come to this decision and knowing as I do that there are many abler men whom you might have selected, I have felt much diffidence in accepting such nomination, but on the other hand I am reminded that I am one of the pioneers of this territory, having resided in it over thirty years, and that therefore few should be more conversant with its wants than myself; moreover I take this opportunity of honestly and fearlessly stating that, should I be elected, no one could have your interests more unselfishly at heart, and no one would more faithfully endeavor to serve those interests than myself.

Before the day of election arrives I hope to have the pleasure of meeting as many of you as is possible in this immense constituency with its scattered population, but in the meantime I think it proper and only what is due to you to outline the platform on which I seek your suffrages.

There are doubtless innumerable questions which deserve the consideration of every elector and of any parliamentary candidate in this district, but the following declarations of policy occur to me as being too important and too prominent to be overlooked:

1. The time has not yet arrived in my opinion for the introduction of the hard and fast party lines of eastern Canada into North-West politics. I think I can best serve you, if elected, by eschewing those party lines, by being before all else a "North-West first man," and therefore I come before you strictly as an independent candidate.

2. I am informed it has been said by a few gentlemen that I am coming out as a Hudson Bay Company man, but I beg here to contradict any such statement most emphatically, and further to declare that I offer myself simply as Richard Hardisty, and as being one of the oldest settlers in the North-West.

3. I claim that the half-breeds of this country—and they constitute a very considerable portion of the electorate—have never in the past found any better or more disinterested friend than in me—this I am sure, gentlemen, such of you as are half-breeds will acknowledge—and I can promise that for the future I shall ever continue their friend, and advocate with all my influence the prompt and complete recognition of their rights, including more especially the issuance of scrip to such of them as have not yet received the same though entitled thereto.

4. I am in favor of all contracts for Indian Department supplies, and indeed of all other government contracts relating to the North-West, being not merely advertised in the

North-West, but being let after fair and public competition to persons bona fide residents in the territories, in preference to outsiders; and I would even go further and urge that whenever possible all such contracts shall be given to inhabitants of the very locality wherein the same are to be performed, believing that in this way much can be done to compensate our farmers, mechanics and merchants, for the disadvantages they at present suffer owing to their geographical position and the entire absence of railway communication in at least the greatest part of our district.

5. With a similar object, namely the acquisition of new markets or the better development of those already existing, I would press for the following among other things, namely:

(a) The extension of the Galt railway southwards to the boundary, the abolition of the present railway monopoly, the building of railways to Hudson's Bay, and generally the encouragement of railway construction throughout the Territories.

(b) The speedy opening up of the country between the C. P. R. and the McKenzie river and the construction and improvement of highways leading thereto.

6. I would further urge the immediate payment upon a liberal basis of rebellion losses and claims, many of which though recognized still remain unpaid; and in the case of rebellion claims (as distinguished from rebellion losses) where they arose out of express contracts I would contend for their liquidation in strict pursuance to the terms of such contracts; in this connection I would also press for the immediate granting of scrip or land (now too long withheld) to all those who served in irregular volunteer forces in the North-West in defence of our country during the troubles of 1885.

7. I would advocate that timber limits be granted only upon condition of their being actually and continuously worked and that they be not looked upon and unused as many of them now are in the hands of speculators; and that all our main trails be put in as perfect condition as possible by the federal government.

8. I believe that a Legislative Assembly should at once be given the Territories in the place of the present council.

In conclusion, Gentlemen, I beg to say that I have "no axes to grind," and no favors to ask from any government, and in soliciting your votes I would again repeat that if elected I shall do my best to serve you without fear, without favor, and without partiality to any section of the district or to any class in it.

I have the honor to be,  
Gentlemen,  
Your obedient servant,  
RICHARD HARDISTY.

Edmonton, Alta.,  
January, 1887.

#### THE CENTRE OF ATTRACTION. EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS.

To make room for a large consignment of

GOODS FROM ENGLAND,

To arrive in the beginning of spring I am selling goods of the very best quality at prices hitherto undreamt of in the North-West. Among others immediately to arrive are large consignments of

Furniture and House Furnishings of every description.

JUST ARRIVED.

Ladies' warm Jerseys, Blouses and Fur Capes. Splendid Tea and Dinner Services in China and Milan.

Ladies' Shawls and Woollen Goods, Millinery and Underclothing of Every Description.

Men's Woollen Underclothing, etc.

ALSO

A Fine Selection of Standard Works by the Best Authors.

Bibles and Hymnal of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, with and without Tunes, etc., etc.

Come early and secure the above lines, which for quality and cheapness are unsurpassed.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

POSITIVELY NO EXCEPTIONS.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER,

DIRECT IMPORTER OF ENGLISH GOODS,

EDMONTON.

NOTICE.

TEAMS WANTED.—To haul saw logs to the Sturgeon river mill. Particulars on application at the lumber shanty, Elk Lake limits.

F. PROVOST.



## THE ORDINANCES.

The ordinances passed at the last session of the North-West Council cover 235 pages, of which the new civil justice ordinance occupies 129. There is a very full index to this ordinance, which cannot fail to be of great advantage to those studying it, and a scale of fees which contains valuable information to parties desirous of going to law, which plainly gives the advice, Don't. A note explains that the ordinance is combined from the English Judicature rules of 1883, the Ontario Judicature rules of 1881, the Nova Scotia Judicature act of 1884, the Quebec code of civil procedure, the revised statutes of Ontario, the revised statutes of Manitoba and the previous ordinances of the North-West Territories. There is also a small amount of original matter in it. A new ordinance was necessary to meet the new judicial system of the North-West, but it is to be feared that the complicated and expensive processes that have been substituted for the former simpler and cheaper methods will destroy much of the good that was expected to be derived from the new system. The legal fraternity seem to be unanimous in the opinion that the ordinance is a vast improvement for them.

The ordinance respecting the incorporation of joint stock companies by letters patent—as also those respecting lands in trust, agricultural societies and cemeteries—was passed on the strength of the enlarged powers given to the council at the last session. Companies of not less than three persons may be thus incorporated for any of the purposes to which the legislative authority of the council extends. The application for letters patent must be advertised in the North-West Gazette and the local newspaper, and must state the name, object, place of business, capital stock, number of shares, names of applicants and of the provisional directors of the company. Before letters patent can be granted, half the stock must be subscribed, and ten per cent on that subscribed paid up. The ordinance provides a system under which all such companies must be worked. The fee for incorporation varies from \$200 when the capital stock is \$400,000 and upwards, to \$20 when it is under \$10,000.

The ordinance respecting the holding of lands in trust for religious societies and congregations provides for the holding of church property by a perpetual succession of trustees appointed by a majority of the religious society or congregation, but not more than 320 acres of land can be held under the ordinance. A majority of the trustees may mortgage, lease or sell the property or a portion of it.

The ordinance to provide for the incorporation of agricultural societies in the North-West provides that not less than fifty persons over 21 years of age and resident in an area of not less than twenty townships, may, on petition, be formed into an agricultural society, on payment of a fee of six dollars. The ordinance makes necessary provisions for the due conduct of such societies and gives power to possess and dispose of real estate for the purposes of the society.

The ordinance for the incorporation of companies for the establishment of cemeteries provides that such company shall not have less than twenty members, shall subscribe sufficient stock to purchase the necessary ground, shall execute and register the necessary documents, and pay to the treasurer twenty-five per cent of the capital stock, and shall then become a body corporate with power to hold or convey land to be used exclusively as a place for the burial of the dead. The directors shall be personally liable for any judgment recovered against the company.

The ordinance respecting juries provides that all persons between the ages of 21 and 60, living within a radius of twenty miles shall be liable to serve as jurors, with certain exceptions. The sheriff provides a list of jurors, and the clerk draws from the list by ballot such number of names as the judge shall order. The clerk shall, in public, under direction of the judge, from time to time, amend the jury list. A juror failing to appear on the first day of the sitting of the court is liable to a fine of fifty dollars. In all civil cases either party may peremptorily challenge four jurors. Fees are provided for the sheriff and clerk for attending to the jury list, but the jurors' fees are not stated.

The ordinance respecting fire districts provides that on petition of a majority of the adult residents of any district not less than one nor more than four townships in area accompanied by a fee of six dollars, such district may be brought under the operation of the ordinance by order of the lieutenant-governor. A fire guardian shall be appointed for the district and each resident shall be liable to a tax of \$4 a year, payable to such fire guardian, to be expended under his direction for the prevention or extinguishment of fires. This tax may be commuted by labor at the rate of one dollar a day per man or two dollars a day per man with team and implements. Default of payment of fire tax or refusal to obey orders of the guardian may be punished by a fine not exceeding \$25 and costs, or in default by imprisonment for one month.

An ordinance to facilitate the conveyance of real estate by married women provides that a married woman may dispose of her own real estate, or her own interest in real estate, as freely as if she were unmarried, and confirms any such dispositions that have been made.

Eighteen amendments are made to the much amended municipal ordinance. Fifty-two clauses amend the still more amended school ordinance.

The game ordinance is amended to make the close season for feathered game extend from May 1st to Sept 1st and prohibits the use of swivel guns, etc.

The poison ordinance is amended by providing that poison may be placed under the ground for the purpose of killing vermin.

The fence ordinance is amended to provide that fences around stacks must be 12 feet distant, that fence panels shall not be more than 12 feet in length, and that wire fences around stacks shall have five wires.

The billiard licensing ordinance is amended by striking out the words "half yearly" and substituting the word "monthly."

The ordinance respecting bulls is amended by striking out all the words after the word "large."

Slight amendments are made to the herd ordinance.

The ordinance of 1885 respecting prairie fires is repealed.

The remaining ordinances are of a private nature and provide for the settlement of municipal affairs of Calgary, the incorporation of the Regina general hospital, the legalization of certain by-laws of the municipality of South Qu'Appelle, and the legalization of certain by-law of the town of Regina.

## NORRIS & CAREY.

Des to inform their customers that they have opened a

WHOLESALE & JOBBING ESTABLISHMENT.

And are prepared to offer goods at

PRICES HITHERTO UNKNOWN

In Edmonton.

Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

NORRIS & CAREY,  
St. Albert Road.

**J. F. SMITH—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE.** In rear of Sanderson & Looby's Blacksmith Shop, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour. Also a few head of mares for sale—or will exchange for grain. Stabling in connection with Kelly's hotel.

## NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Edmonton Agricultural Association will be held in the School House, Edmonton on Saturday, Feb. 12th, 1897, at 1:30 p.m., for the purpose of hearing the annual report, election of officers for 1897, and such other business as the interests of the society may demand.

JOHN H. HOWARD,  
Secy. Treas.

## HEW THEM DOWN.

NOTHING LIKE OPPOSITION.

We are now bringing in the different lines by the car load. Buying in such quantities for CASH, in the cheapest markets, we are prepared to give our customers and the public the FULL benefit.

SPACE WILL NOT ADMIT OF AN ENUMERATION.

HARDWARE Now Complete.  
CROCKERY " "  
READY-MADE CLOTHING " "  
GROCERIES, Fresh Goods More on way.  
BOOTS & SHOES—Part Fall and Winter Stock to Hand.

DRY GOODS.

New Prints,  
" Yarns, all colors,  
" Hosiery,  
" Gloves,  
" Handkerchiefs in silk and cotton.  
" Veiveteens,  
" Mantles and Jackets for Ladies, Misses and children in great variety.

TUB BUTTER,

First quality, Just Arrived.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

## BROWN & CURRY

Have received a

FULL STOCK,

of

DRY GOODS,  
GROCERIES,  
CROCKERY,  
READY-MADE CLOTHING  
UNDERCLOTHING,

MOCCASINS, MITTS,

LACE,  
EMBROIDERY,  
INSERTION &  
FANCY GOODS.

All of which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH.

Just Arrived,

ARCTIC OVERSHOES,

FELT BOOTS,

Large Lot, All Styles, Lowest Prices.

BROWN & CURRY.

## \$20.00 REWARD.

Lost about the 24th of May last from the Little Mountain, a Dark Brown Horse, eight years old, 15½ hands high, white stripe down the face, Oxart brand. Any person returning the same to the undersigned will receive the above reward.

J. F. SMITH.

**ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE**  
making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

## READY MARKET FOR GRAIN.

BLAKE & KNOWLES are prepared to give the highest market prices for grain, to purchasers of Sleighs, Cutters, Fanning mills and other machinery. Finest stock and lowest prices ever seen in Edmonton. To arrive shortly Seeders, Corbin Disk Harrows, Plows, Pumps, Barrel Churns, &c., &c., all of the latest improved makes and warranted first class in workmanship and material.

We are always at the spot, at Fraser avenue, to show stock and take orders.

BLAKE & KNOWLES.

## THE MOST NORTHERLY DRUG STORE ON THE CONTINENT.

FRESH SUPPLIES

OF

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Lime Juice, etc. Fly Paper, Insect Powder, Rough on Rats. Paints—White Lead in small tins. Turpentine, Linseed Oils, Stove Varnish. Electric Soaps, Toilet Soap. Tobacco—Cigars wholesale. California and Canadian hops. Silver Mounted Pipes and Meerschaums. New Jewelry; Violins, etc. Saxony Knitting Yarn, Berlins and Silks. Stationery and School Books. Fancy Goods, Silverware, etc. Prescriptions and Family Receipts carefully prepared.

P. DALY & CO.

## E. RAYMER,

WATCHMAKER.

You'll find me at the

JASPER HOTEL

Until J. Thurston's building is finished, in which I will open out a select line of Watches and Jewelry.

WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED AND GUARANTEED.

ATTN. R. — Making this my permanent abode, I solicit your patronage.

## L AFFERTY & SMITH,

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

BRANCHES:

Calgary, Edmonton, Regina.

Office, Main Street, 3 doors north of Jasper House.

Drafts issued on and collections made at all available points.

Sterling and Domestic Exchanges bought and sold.

Half-breed and Soldier's Scrip and Indian Department Vouchers bought at highest market price.

P. G. GRAY,  
Manager.



## RED DEER.

An Indian arrived here on the 10th stating that while out shooting rabbits, somewhere between the Little Red Deer river and the Lone Pine a few days ago, a man came up to him who was just able to walk. He had heard the shooting which doubtless saved his life. He stated, as near as the Indian could make out, that he had lost himself and had been wandering about for 5 days without food or shelter. He was afoot and had one small well worn blanket. His clothes were torn and his mocassins and mitts worn out. Both feet were badly frozen, also the fingers of both hands. The Indian, a Cree, "Wood Owl" by name, took him to his camp and cared for him as best he could. He then came on here and informed the police, who immediately went after him. Should his condition be as bad as stated he will be taken on to Calgary for treatment. The Indian could not make out where he had come from, but stated he was bound for Edmonton. He is a Frenchman, about 40 years of age, with black beard; name, so far, unknown.

Dance at barracks last week at which all the youth and beauty of Red Deer and Blind Man settlements were present, about 50 in all. A very enjoyable evening was spent, dancing being kept up to an early hour.

Ad. McPherson's single and four-horse teams, with freight for Edmonton, passed here yesterday, also Ad. himself.

Weather has been cold, but signs of a change visible now. Lots of snow south of here.

Not much fur coming at present. Indians say too much snow and too cold to hunt.

Mr. Walsh, fur buyer, passed here on his way to Morley.

## BELMONT SCHOOL.

Honor roll for January:

Class IV. 1st, Nina McKay; 2nd, Peter Borwick; 3rd, Nellie McKay; 4th, Colin Lennie.

Class III Senior. 1st, John McLeod; 2nd, Henry Kirkness; 3rd, Albert Fraser; 4th, Mary Price.

Class III, Junior. 1st John Kernohan; 2nd, Louie Kernohan; 3rd, Christina McKay; 4th, Lizzie Gullion.

Class II, Senior. 1st, George Kernohan; 2nd, Maggie McLeod; 3rd, John Coleman.

Class I. 1st, Thomas Price; 2nd, Lottie Coleman.

Average attendance, 14.

J. B. STEELE, Teacher.

SOME months ago a citizen of the United States named Sproule was hanged for murder in British Columbia although protesting his innocence. Every effort was made by friends to secure a reprieve but without avail. A day or two before his execution he fell heir to a large fortune. The feeling in British Columbia seemed to be that the circumstantial evidence upon which he was convicted was not sufficiently strong to warrant his execution. Since Sproule's death one of the crown witnesses named Wolfe has made affidavit that he swore Sproule's life away falsely for a bribe. A man named Beaty has since sworn before a competent court in San Francisco that Sproule was with him fifteen miles away at the time the murder was committed. Two prominent British Columbians made a trip to Ottawa to secure from the minister of justice a sufficient delay of Sproule's execution to allow of the production of Beaty, but the required delay was not given. Sproule's relatives now propose to sue the Canadian government for \$100,000 damages.

DUNCAN MACARTHUR's platform is (1) The settlement of the vacant lands in this province, or in other words a vigorous and efficient immigration policy. (2) The rapid construction of the H. B. railway, and (3) The recognition by the Dominion government of the right of this province, to grant charters to construct railways to its southern boundary.

A CONSERVATIVE association was organized at Lethbridge, on January 16th. Messrs. Cavanagh, Carey, Saunders, Kirkham, Whitney and McKenzie were appointed a committee to adopt a constitution and by-laws and report at the next general meeting of the association.

THERE is reported to be a split between Harcourt and Morley in the Gladstone camp. Harcourt wants to make concessions to Chamberlain, Morley opposes it, and the former threatens to bolt.

THE Free Press of Jan. 10th announces definitely that Sir Donald Smith will contest Winnipeg for the commons, on a platform that will satisfy all friends of provincial rights.

W. B. SCARTH was unanimously nominated as the conservative candidate for Winnipeg, on Jan. 22nd, on the strength of a cablegram stating that Sir Donald Smith would not run.

THE Regina Journal announces that J. H. Ross, of Moosejaw, will not oppose Mr. Davin for the commons, on account of sickness in his family.

THE Mail is out against the C. P. R. monopoly clauses and advises the people of Manitoba and the North-West to make this a test question.

HUGH SUTHERLAND rests his claim to the representation of Winnipeg on his connection with the H. B. railway and opposes disallowance.

THE government is advancing seed grain to the farmers of Assiniboia, taking a lien on their land as security.

THE Marchioness of Queensbury has been granted a divorce from her husband.

THE H. B. Co. are about removing their store from Fort Ellice to Birtle.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, Jan. 21st, 1887. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max	Min.
Saturday,	-32	-46
Sunday,	-29	-43
Monday,	-33	-34
Tuesday,	-38	-44
Wednesday,	-33	-38
Thursday,	-27	-46
Friday,	-21	-41

Barometer rising, 27.871.

1887.

## ALBERTA

BOOT & SHOE

HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

{ With Thanks for the Liberal Patronage extended us since opening. }

DURING THE COMING SEASON WE PURPOSE CARRYING A MUCH LARGER AND FAR MORE VARIED STOCK IN ALL LINES.

STEWART & BANNERMAN.

H. W. McKENNY.

GENERAL MERCHANT.

SAINT ALBERT.

Begs to announce to the public that he has just brought in an

IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS

Which he offers at

WHOLESALE & RETAIL AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

A full stock of

CHOICE GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, DRY GOODS, CROCKERY, ETC.,

Is now shown.

TERMS CASH.

Call and examine.

H. W. McKENNY.

## THE BEST PLACE TO BUY GOODS

Is where you will get the most for your money; and it is now pretty well known that the

CHEAPEST STORE IN EDMONTON

IS

McDOUGALL'S,

Consequently you will Save Money by going there.

NEW GOODS ARE COMING IN EVERY FEW WEEKS.

Splendid Values in

READY-MADE CLOTHING, MOCCASINS, MITTS and UNDER-CLOTHING.

Some very fine

BLACK AND COLORED WINCEYS, DRESS GOODS, FLANNELS, ETC.

JUST ARRIVED

Also Canadian Yarns, All Colors.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

MARCH 18TH, 1886.

DRY LUMBER.

D. R. FRASER & Co.

Wish to inform the public that they have on hand and for sale a large quantity of Dried Lumber, comprising Matched, Dressed, and Undressed.

Dressed Flooring, per M,	\$40.00
Undressed " "	30.00
Dressed siding	40.00
Ship Lap Siding, Dressed	35.00
" " Undressed	30.00
Stock Lumber, Undressed	25.00
Sheeting Lumber	20.00
Culls	15.00
Dimension Lumber, over 16 ft., extra	20.00
Fence Pickets, undressed, 3 ft. long,	
per 100	3.50
" dressed and pointed	4.00
Lath, per bundle of 100	.75
Shingles, per M	4.00
Spruce timber, 8 x 8, for sills, per L. ft.	.10
" 10 x 10, " "	.12

DOORS & SASH made to order and kept on hand.

TURNING Iron or Wood.

Balusters, Newel Posts, Table Legs, etc. etc., kept on hand.

Mouldings, Wall Beads, Bases, Casings, Window Frames.

We are prepared to contract for buildings as cheap or cheaper than any other firm in the North-West.

FLOUR.

XXX	\$2.80
XXXX	3.50
Bran, per 100 lbs \$1, per ton	16.00
Shorts, per 100 lbs \$1.25, per ton	20.00
Chopped Barley per 100 lbs	1.50

Terms Cash, or its Equivalent in Grain. D. R. FRASER & CO.

CHURCHES.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Hours of Sunday service: All Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10.30 a.m. every Sunday. Sermon in English, French and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA. J. H. Howard, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 7.00 p.m. Sabbath school, 2.20 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor, the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M. A., B. D. Sabbath services at Edmonton: 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sabbath school at 2 p.m. Belmont: Jan. 9, 23; Feb. 6, 20; March 6, 20; April 3, 17. Sturgeon: Jan. 2, 30; Feb. 27; March 27; April 24. Clover Bar: Jan. 16; Feb. 13; March 13; April 10. Fort Saskatchewan: Jan. 9; Feb. 6; March 6; April 3. No morning service at Edmonton on the days when there is service at Fort Saskatchewan.

## PROFESSIONAL.

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office in rear portion of Big Hotel, Edmonton.

D. R. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta. Office, Main street, Edmonton, opposite Fraser Avenue.

H. L. McINNIS, M. D., C. M.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office next door north of Jasper House.

D. R. J. H. TOFIELD,

St. George's Hospital, London,

Temporary residence and consulting room, second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES,

OTTAWA, ONT.

Parliamentary and departmental agents. Special attention given to departmental business and the issuing of land patents.

D. O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG.

W. WILSON,

DENTIST, CALGARY.

Rooms over J. S. Gibb & Co's store. Entrance at side door opposite Roller Skating Rink.

## HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of Entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

## BUSINESS.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCauley, Main Street, Edmonton.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

ANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horse-shoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

## MONEY TO LOAN.

The undersigned has a limited amount of money to loan on good security.

GEO. A. WATSON.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and dispatch. Office and shop, Main street, Edmonton.

McRAE, KNOWLES & CO., Builders and Contractors. Contracts taken. Material furnished if required. Work done as cheap as the cheapest; as good as the best. We have come to stay, please give us a call. Shop on Fraser Avenue in rear of Thos. Henderson's residence.

McRAE, KNOWLES & CO.

Edmonton, Sept. 3rd, 1886

BLACKSMITH & CARRIAGE SHOP.

At Edmonton ferry landing, south side, opposite the fort. The undersigned having secured the services of a first-class General Blacksmith and Machinist is now prepared to do all sorts of work in these lines on the shortest notice. Also on hand a complete stock of patent wheels, spokes, fellows, axles, shafts, tongues, reaches, plow beams and handles, neck yokes and whipple trees, etc. Orders for carriage building and repairing promptly attended to.

JOHN WALTER.